

Running bitcoin (in production)

Baltic Honeybadger 2019 - September 15, 2019

Who I am

- ✦ “ketominer”
 - ✦ electronics
 - ✦ (low level) code
 - ✦ networks
 - ✦ systems
 - ✦ putting weird things together and making them work
- ✦ Doing the **nodl box**, **nodl hosted services** and **host4coins**

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#	Name	Price	Change	Chart	Trade
1	 Bitcoin BTC	€9,218.41	-1.91%		<p>Buy</p>

Old computers



* not actual full nodes

Little metal and plastic boxes



A DIY Bitcoin Lightning Node Project Just Hit Its 1.0 Milestone



In the cloud(s)



On VPS (thanks BTCPay!)

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring a VPS. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'VPS' and a dropdown arrow. Below it, the page title is 'VPS'. To the right of the title are three buttons: 'Votre offre' (active), 'Fiche technique', and 'Bêta tester'. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Facturation:** Two buttons, '1 mois' and '1 an' (selected).
- Système:** Two buttons, 'Linux' (selected) and 'Windows'.
- VPS:** A horizontal scrollable list of 16 numbered options (1-16), with '16' selected.
- Espace de stockage:** Three buttons, '10 Go' (selected), '50 Go', and '100 Go'.
- SLA:** Two buttons, '99.9%' and '99.99%' (selected).
- vCores:** Two buttons, '4' and '8' (selected).

On the left side, there is a 3D illustration of a blue VPS box on a black base, labeled 'VPS 16'.

At the bottom, a summary table lists the specifications and price:

CPU dédié	Mémoire dédiée	Espace de stockage	SLA	Prix / mois
16GHz	24Go	10Go	99.99%	2200.00 € HT <small>(2631.20 € TTC)</small>

There's nothing wrong about it...

...but how could we make it different?

What do we want to run?

- ✦ The “full stack” (as of now)
 - ✦ a bitcoin full archiving node
 - ✦ a lightning node
 - ✦ a mixer
 - ✦ a payment server
 - ✦ a wallet backend

How do we want to run it?

- ✦ Factor what can be factored
- ✦ Provide reasonable redundancy
- ✦ Keep it simple

Factor what can be factored

- ✦ a bitcoin full archiving node -> YES
- ✦ a lightning node -> NO
- ✦ a mixer -> NO
- ✦ a payment server -> YES
- ✦ a wallet backend -> it depends (let's say NO)

Provide reasonable redundancy

- ✦ a bitcoin full archiving node -> easy (active/active)
- ✦ a lightning node -> tricky (active/passive)
- ✦ a mixer -> useless
- ✦ a payment server -> easy
- ✦ a wallet backend -> it depends (we'll deal with that later)

Factoring

bitcoind

- pointless to run many full archiving nodes in a single network range
- one (or two, max) node for every range and/or ASN

BTCPay Server

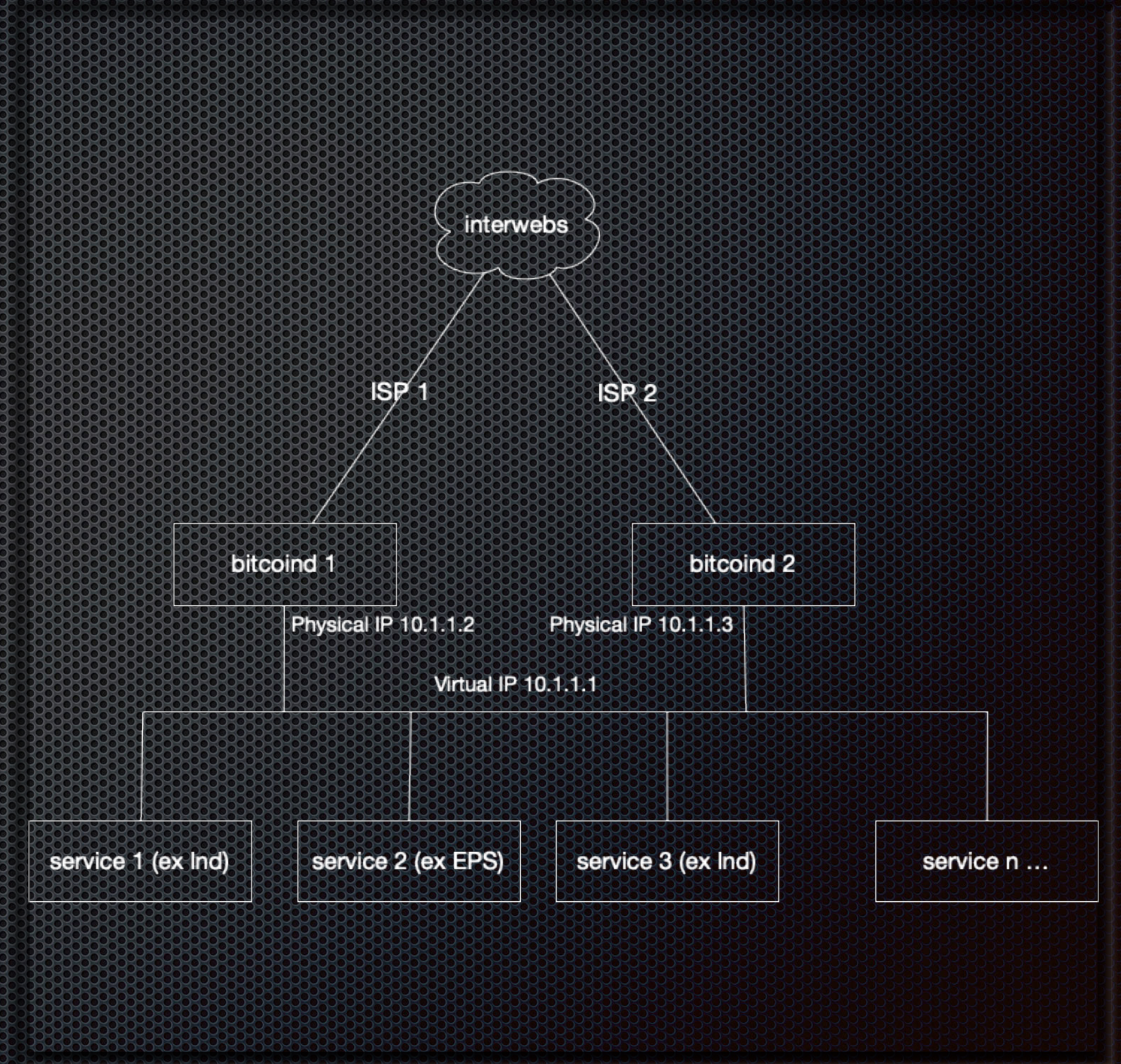
- BTCPay Server can't be multitenant for lightning, but BTCPay Server can*
- Running one btcpayserver.dll, multiple LNDs (one per merchant/store)

*see what I did here? Please disambiguate the name!

Let's add some redundancy

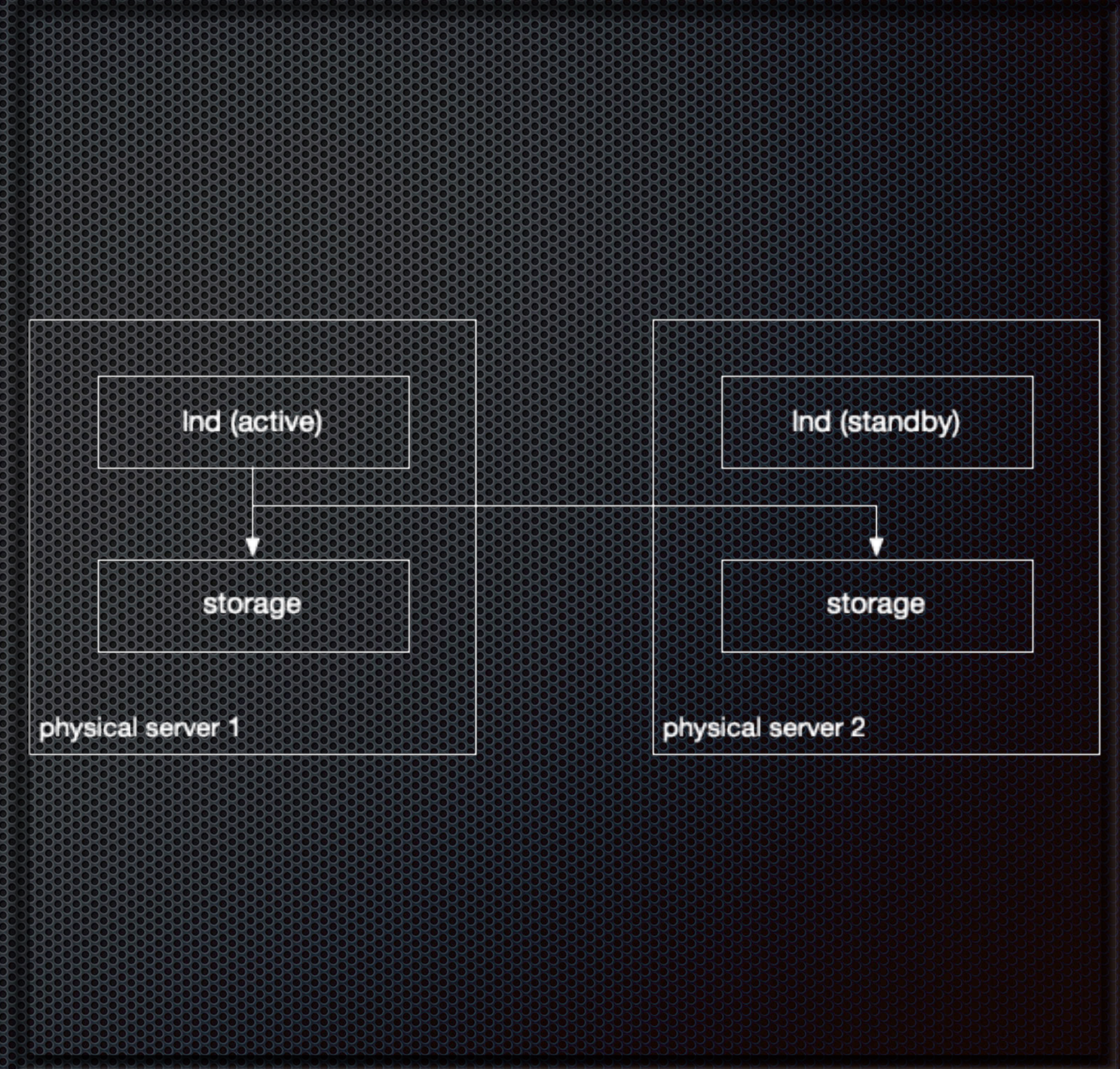
bitcoind

- run 2 (or more)
- expose RPC and ZMQ over shared VIP (Virtual IP)
- run them on separate public networks (AS) to make attacks (DDoS) harder



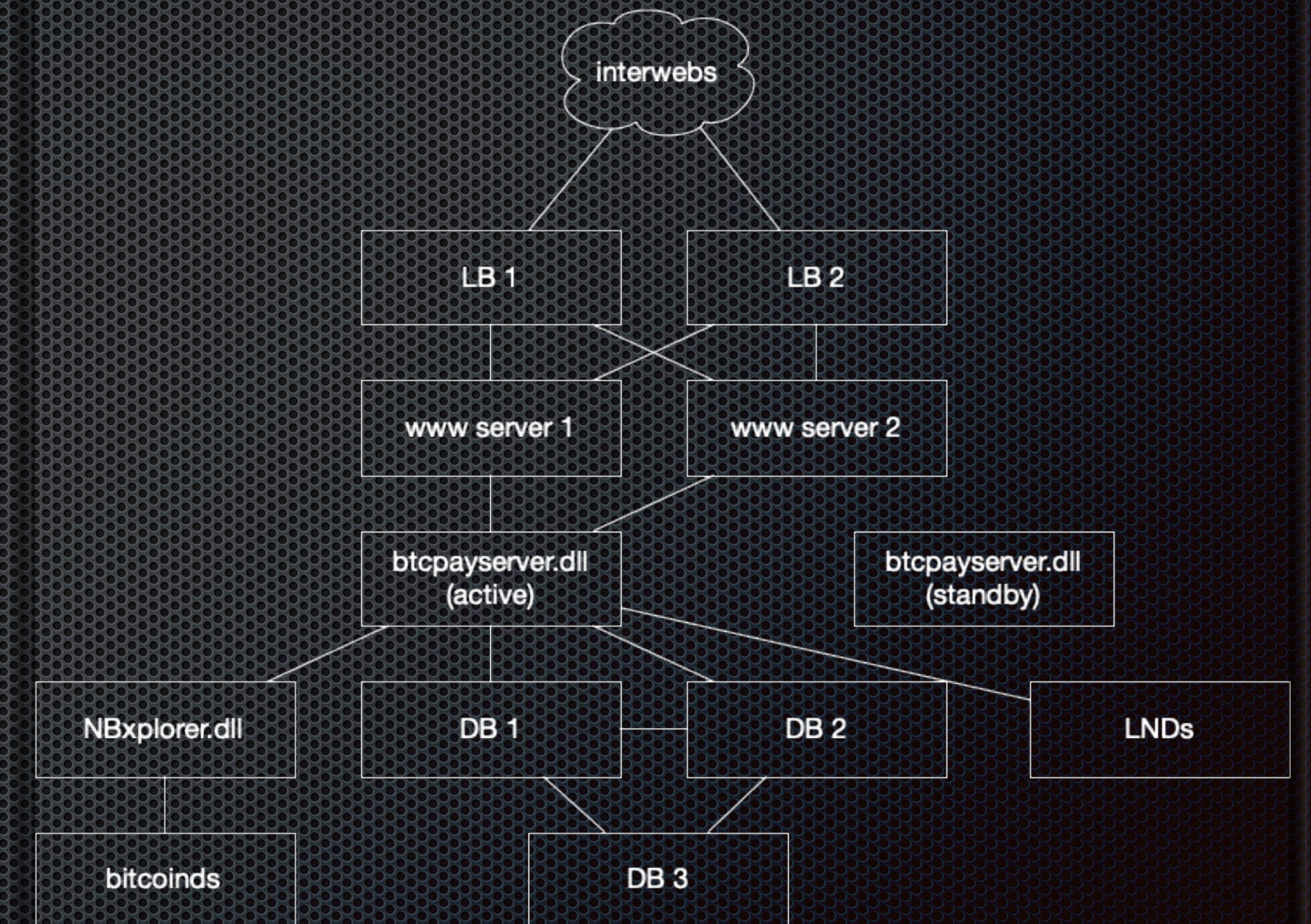
LND

- backup / restore -> not ideal (closing channels)
- store .lnd on a distributed storage (ceph, glusterFS, DRBD, ...)
- hope that the data will not be corrupted by crash of active instance
- restart another LND from same storage



BTCPay Server*

- Classic multi-tier web application
 - load balancer(s) (active/backup)
 - web server(s) (active/active)
 - app server(s) (active/backup)
 - middleware server(s) (TBD)
 - database server (cluster)



*please disambiguate the name!

Minimal setup (also for SMB)

- ✦ BGP Router
- ✦ Switch
- ✦ nodl “rack dual”
- ✦ two x86 based servers in one rack



- ✦ Runs 2 bitcoind's, up to 10 LNDs, BTCPay Server, a Galera database cluster, and all the little stuff around

(actual picture of the nodl cloud infrastructure)

Go big or go home

- ✦ multi 10Gbps fabric
- ✦ lots of cores
- ✦ lots of RAM
- ✦ lots of SSD

- ✦ scales up to thousands of lightning nodes

(actual picture of the nodl cloud infrastructure)



So you're running your own servers.
Cool story bro

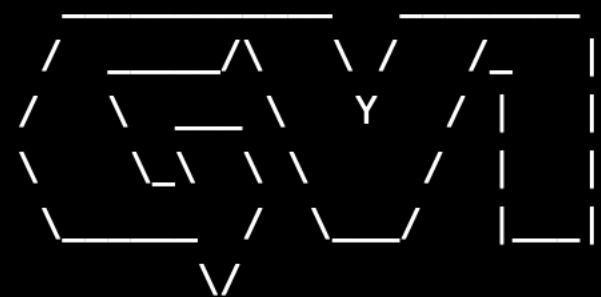
The curious case of 85.208.69.13

IP-Max Looking Glass



Command: traceroute 85.208.69.13 source lo0

er01.gva01



Type escape sequence to abort.

Tracing the route to 85.208.69.13

VRF info: (vrf in name/id, vrf out name/id)

```
1 te2-1.er01.gva20.ip-max.net (46.20.254.65) 0 msec 0 msec 4 msec
2 46.20.248.106 0 msec 0 msec 0 msec
3 85.208.69.13 [AS 42275] 0 msec 0 msec 0 msec
```

Reset

IP-Max Looking Glass



Command: traceroute 85.208.69.13 source 46.20.255.29

Tue Sep 10 19:16:44.307 UTC

Type escape sequence to abort.

Tracing the route to 85.208.69.13

```
1
  ge-eth6.br01.th2.as42275.net (46.20.247.74) 0 msec 0 msec
2 85.208.69.13 0 msec 1 msec 0 msec
```

Reset

MAGIC

traceroute from Geneva

traceroute from Paris

Average latency from Geneva to Paris = ~9ms

Enter anycast

- 85.208.69.0/24 -> AS42275's anycast range (for now)
- Same IP range announced from two locations: Geneva and Paris
- Other nodes connect indifferently to any of the nodes (usually the closest, from a network point of view)
- A node is announced (BGP) only if it's up and running (otherwise traffic goes to the next closest node)
- Actually, there may be multiple bitcoinds running behind this IP in each datacenter
- The nodes are inter-connected through private links (not Internet)
- The 8.8.8.8 (or 9.9.9.9, or 1.1.1.1) of bitcoin (except the cool IP = \$\$)

PoC||GTFO

The image displays a network setup with two server racks. The left rack contains a MINKLIS switch and a nodl server. The right rack contains a Lugenrouter switch and a server with a '#reckless' sticker. Network cables are connected between the devices. Two terminal windows show network connection logs. The top terminal window shows a connection to 223.149.72.187:24741. The bottom terminal window shows a connection to 185.0.185.106:55209. A list of established TCP connections is also visible, including connections to 95.216.243.70:8333, 172.58.110.210:53600, 23.111.187.238:8333, 178.63.25.155:8333, 163.172.34.50:41768, 163.172.101.59:37716, 163.172.24.113:47466, and 163.172.21.64:50656.

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 223.149.72.187:24741 ESTABLISHED 1000 43365644 3270/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 220.174.97.127:7774 ESTABLISHED 1000 43364203 3270/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 185.0.185.106:55209 ESTABLISHED 1000 43250054 3270/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.68.13:40486 95.216.243.70:8333 ESTABLISHED 1000 659006747 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 86 85.208.69.13:8333 172.58.110.210:53600 LAST_ACK 65534 0
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.68.13:46616 23.111.187.238:8333 ESTABLISHED 1000 659019003 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.68.13:51748 178.63.25.155:8333 ESTABLISHED 1000 659024136 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 163.172.34.50:41768 ESTABLISHED 1000 676162738 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 163.172.101.59:37716 ESTABLISHED 1000 675898367 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 163.172.24.113:47466 ESTABLISHED 1000 675901441 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 163.172.21.64:50656 ESTABLISHED 1000 675898266 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 23.72.130.35:40704 ESTABLISHED 1000 676041312 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 195.37.209.62:49608 ESTABLISHED 1000 675532531 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 18.194.48.223:39207 ESTABLISHED 1000 675485985 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 88.99.167.186:7907 ESTABLISHED 1000 659045409 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.68.13:60362 85.190.0.5:8333 ESTABLISHED 1000 659125409 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 162.218.65.60:17324 ESTABLISHED 1000 676041312 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 163.172.100.107:59158 ESTABLISHED 1000 676270858 10020/bitcoind
```

```
tcp 0 0 85.208.69.13:8333 163.172.101.194:51288 ESTABLISHED 1000 675898368 10020/bitcoind
```

Connections to/from other nodes in GVA and PAR

Outgoing uses physical range (85.208.70/24 for GVA, 85.208.68/24 for PAR)

Future expansion

- Anycast requires as many direct peerings with other ISPs as possible
- We have SwissIX and FrancelIX
- 2019Q4 - Adding Frankfurt (and DE-CIX - biggest exchange in the world)
 - thus covering 50+% of global ISPs and making a full triangle
- Later adding Moscow and NYC (or SF) for better latency and resiliency

Big thank you



Fred and IP-Max for sponsoring space and connectivity for this POC



Q ?

PS:

1/ Digging (way) deeper at BTCPay Server day

2/ nodl meetup on Tuesday

<https://www.meetup.com/B-Markets/events/264792663/>